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- (1) The cotton is represented by electronic warehouse receipts;
- (2) The request is submitted by a producer or a properly designated agent of the producer;
- (3) The transfer is agreed to by the receiving warehouse operator; and
- (4) The CCC marketing assistance loan that is secured by such cotton matures at least 30 days after the date on which the request for the transfer is submitted to CCC.
- (d) Following written notice by CCC to the producer and warehouse operator, CCC may transfer cotton pledged as collateral for the marketing assistance loan from one CCC-approved warehouse to another if:
- (1) CCC determines such loan cotton collateral is improperly warehoused and subject to damage; or
- (2) Any term of the producer's loan agreement is violated, or
- (3) Carrying charges are substantially in excess of the average of carrying charges available elsewhere and the storing warehouse, after notice, declines to reduce such charges.
- (e) Any charges, fees, costs, or expenses incident to the transfer of cotton loan collateral under paragraph (c) of this section shall be paid by the requestor of the transfer.
- (f) CCC shall exclude from the calculation of any storage credits payable under §1427.19 the following periods:
- (1) The period during which the cotton is in transit between warehouses; and
- (2) Any period beyond 75 days starting from the date of transfer from the shipping warehouse, unless the shipping warehouse is:
- (3) Out of compliance with the terms of its Cotton Storage Agreement;
- (4) Storing cotton loan collateral outside, or
- (5) Under common ownership with the receiving warehouse.

[71 FR 51427, Aug. 30, 2006]

§1427.17 Custodial offices.

Collateral warehouse receipts, using forms prescribed by CCC, and related documents will be maintained in the custody of CCC, its designee, the loan servicing agent, or the cotton commercial bank, whichever disbursed the loan evidenced by such documents.

§1427.18 Liability of the producer.

- (a)(1) If a producer makes any fraudulent representation in obtaining a marketing assistance loan or loan deficiency payment or in maintaining or settling a loan, or disposes of or moves the loan collateral without the prior written approval of CCC, such loan or loan deficiency payment shall be payable upon demand by CCC. The producer shall be liable for:
- (i) The amount of the marketing assistance loan or loan deficiency payment:
- (ii) Any additional amounts paid by CCC for the loan or loan deficiency payment;
- (iii) All other costs which CCC would not have incurred but for the fraudulent representation or the unauthorized disposition or movement of the loan collateral;
- (iv) Applicable interest on such amounts:
- (v) Liquidated damages under paragraph (e) of this section; and
- (vi) About amounts due for a loan, the payment of such amounts may not be satisfied by the forfeiture of loan collateral to CCC of cotton with a settlement value that is less than the total of such amounts or by repayment of such loan at the lower loan repayment rate as prescribed in § 1427.19.
- (2) If a producer makes a fraudulent representation or if the producer has disposed of, or moved, the loan collateral without prior written approval from CCC, the value of such collateral delivered to or acquired by CCC shall be equal to the sales price of the cotton less any costs incurred by CCC in completing the sale.
- (b) If the amount disbursed under a marketing assistance loan, or in settlement thereof, or loan deficiency payment exceeds the amount authorized by this subpart, the producer shall be liable for repayment of such excess, plus interest. In addition, the commodity pledged as collateral for such loan shall not be released to the producer until such excess is repaid.
- (c) If the amount collected from the producer in satisfaction of the marketing assistance loan or loan deficiency payment is less than the amount required under this subpart, the producer shall be personally liable

for repayment of the amount of such deficiency plus applicable interest.

- (d) If more than one producer executes a note and security agreement or loan deficiency payment application with CCC, each such producer shall be jointly and severally liable for the violation of the terms and conditions of the note and security agreement or loan deficiency payment application and this subpart. Each producer shall also remain liable for repayment of the entire loan or loan deficiency payment amount until the loan is fully repaid without regard to their share in the cotton pledged as collateral for the loan or for which the loan deficiency payment was made. In addition, such producer may not amend the note and security agreement or loan deficiency payment application for the producer's claimed share in such cotton after execution of the note and security agreement or loan deficiency payment application by CCC.
- (e) The producer and CCC agree that it will be difficult, if not impossible, to prove the amount of damages to CCC if a producer makes any fraudulent representation in obtaining a loan or loan deficiency payment or in maintaining or settling a loan or disposing of or moving the loan collateral without the prior written approval of CCC. Accordingly, if CCC determines that the producer has violated the terms or conditions of their requests for a loan or any applicable form required by CCC, liquidated damages shall be assessed on the quantity involved in the violation. Liquidated damages assessed in accordance with this section will be determined by multiplying the quantity involved in the violation by 10 percent of the marketing assistance loan rate applicable to the loan note.
- (f) When it has been determined that a violation of the terms and conditions of a loan deficiency application has occurred, CCC will determine the quantity of the cotton involved with respect to such violation and assess liquidated damages by multiplying the quantity of cotton involved in the violation by 10 percent of the marketing assistance loan rate.
- (g) For cases other than first or second offenses, or any offense for which

- CCC cannot determine good faith when the violation occurred, CCC shall:
- (1) Assess liquidated damages under paragraph (e) of this section; and
- (2) Call the applicable marketing assistance loan involved in the violation and require repayment of any market gain previously realized for the applicable loan, plus any interest previously waived and any storage paid by CCC, and for a loan deficiency payment, require repayment of the loan deficiency payment and charges plus interest from the date the loan deficiency payment was made.
- (h) If the county committee acting on behalf of CCC determines that the producer has committed a violation under paragraph (e) of this section, CCC shall notify the producer in writing that:
- (1) The producer has 30 calendar days to provide evidence and information regarding the circumstances which caused the violation, to the county committee; and
- (2) Administrative actions will be taken under paragraph (f) or (g) of this section.
- (i) If the marketing assistance loan is called under this section, the producer must repay the loan at principal and charges, plus interest and may not repay the loan at the lower of the loan repayment rate under §1427.19 or utilize the provisions of part 1401 of this chapter for such loan.
- (j) Any or all of the liquidated damages assessed under paragraph (e) of this section may be waived as determined by CCC.
- (k)(1) Notwithstanding any other provision of this part, for ELS cotton stored as provided in §1427.10(e), the producer shall be liable for all costs associated with the storage of the cotton while it is stored outside. CCC shall make no storage payment or any other payment with respect to ELS cotton stored as provided in §1427.10(e).
- (2) The producer of ELS cotton which is stored as provided in §1427.10(e) shall:
- (i) Certify the quantity of such cotton on the loan application; certify the cotton is packaged in a hermetically sealed bag with an internal humidity level established by the gin as appropriate to safeguard the cotton; certify

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that packaging materials meet or exceed industry minimum standards; certify that the storage area is suitable for cotton storage and is in an area approved by CCC; certify that the storage area is constructed to prevent water accumulation under the cotton and is outside a 100-year floodplain; and certify that the storage area is serviced by bale handling and transport equipment that will not damage the sealed bag or degrade the storage area;

(ii) Be responsible for any loss in quantity or quality of such cotton;

(iii) If the loan is satisfied by forfeiting the cotton to CCC, be responsible for all costs associated with delivering such cotton to a warehouse designated by CCC, all costs associated with any re-classification and repackaging that may be required by CCC or the warehouse operator to whom the cotton is delivered, all charges by the receiving warehouse for receiving the cotton and issuing an electronic warehouse receipt for the cotton, and other charges as may be levied by the warehouse specific to outside-stored cotton; and

(iv) Not move such cotton after the loan application is submitted to CCC without prior written approval of the county committee. Failure of the producer to receive such permission shall subject the producer to administrative actions.

 $[67~{\rm FR}~64459,~{\rm Oct.}~18,~2002,~{\rm as}~{\rm amended}~{\rm at}~68~{\rm FR}~49328,~{\rm Aug.}~18,~2003;~69~{\rm FR}~12056,~{\rm Mar.}~15,~2004;~71~{\rm FR}~32427,~{\rm June}~6,~2006]$

§ 1427.19 Repayment of loans.

- (a) Warehouse receipts will not be released except as provided in this section.
- (b) A producer, an authorized agent or anyone subsequently designated by the producer in the manner prescribed by CCC may redeem one or more bales of cotton pledged as collateral for a loan by payment to CCC of an amount applicable to the bales of cotton being redeemed determined under this section. CCC, upon proper payment for the amount due, shall release the warehouse receipts applicable to such cotton.
- (c) A producer or agent or subsequent agent authorized in writing in a manner prescribed by CCC may repay the

loan amount for one or more bales of cotton pledged as collateral for a marketing assistance loan:

- (1) For upland cotton, at a level that is the lesser of:
- (i) The loan level and charges, plus interest determined for such bales; or
- (ii) The adjusted world price, as determined by CCC under §1427.25, in effect on the day the repayment is received by the county office, loan servicing agent, or cotton commercial bank that disbursed the loan.
- (2) For ELS cotton, by repaying the loan amount and charges, plus interest determined for such bales.
- (d) CCC shall determine and publicly announce the adjusted world price for each crop of upland cotton on a weekly
- (e) The difference between the loan level, excluding charges and interest, and the loan repayment level is the market gain. The total amount of any market gain realized by a person is subject to part 1400 of this chapter.
- (f) Repayment of loans will not be accepted after CCC acquires title to the cotton under §1427.7.
- (g) In the event that Thursday is a non-workday, such loan repayments will not be accepted beginning at 7 a.m. Eastern Standard time the next workday until an announcement of the adjusted world price for the succeeding weekly period has been made under §1427.25(e).
- (h) If the upland cotton pledged as collateral is eligible to be redeemed at a rate less than the loan level and charges, plus interest, and the adjusted world price determined under §1427.25:
- (1) Below the national average loan rate for upland cotton, CCC will pay at the time of loan repayment to the producer, agent, or subsequent agent authorized by the producer in the manner prescribed by CCC for the period the cotton was pledged as collateral for such loan:
- (i) The warehouse storage charges which have accrued, and
- (ii) With respect to the 2006 and subsequent-crops of upland cotton, for each bale of the loan stored inside an approved cotton warehouse during the entire period of the loan, storage charges based on paragraph (j) of this